

Comparing Current FNCFS¹ Funding to Draft FSA Funding

Current funding under the FNCFS program	Funding proposed in the draft Final Settlement Agreement (FSA) on long-term reform of the FNCFS program
<p>Estimated \$45B <i>plus actuals</i> over 10 years.</p> <p>Current funding for the FNCFS program are the result of Canadian Human Rights (CHRT) legal orders that do not expire and can only be replaced with another legal order.</p>	<p>Forecasts <i>fixed amount</i> of \$47.8B over 10 years</p> <p>The draft FSA does not provide calculation methods, supporting evidence, or a breakdown by recipient. It is unknown how the \$47.8B will be allocated.</p>
<p>Funding is Reimbursed at Actual Costs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capital purchase and needs/ feasibility studies • FNCFS building repairs • Small FNCFS agency costs • Maintenance for children in care • FNCFS intake and assessment • FNCFS legal 	<p>Reimbursement at actual costs ends March 31, 2025²</p>
<p>Prevention reimbursed at \$2,500.00 (per person on reserve), adjusted annually for inflation and population growth.</p>	<p>Prevention at \$2603.55 per First Nations person on reserve.³</p> <p>Prevention funding flows to First Nations with no money for capacity to deliver services</p>
<p>CHRT orders continue until replaced by another legal order</p>	<p>10-year agreement that is subject to annual Parliamentary Appropriation. The draft FSA does not have binding mechanisms to hold Canada accountable in year 11 and beyond</p>
<p>Existing CHRT orders on FNCFS funding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2018 CHRT 4 – Canada pays the actual cost of intake and assessment, building repairs, legal and prevention/least disruptive measures actuals replaced by 2022 CHRT 4. • 2018 CHRT 8 – Canada to pay for band representative services. • 2021 CHRT 41 – Canada must fund the actual cost of capital for the provision of child and family services and Jordan’s Principle. • 2022 CHRT 8 – Canada must fund prevention at \$2,500.00 per resident on reserve, adjusted by inflation and population, post-majority services, and band representative services. 	<p>Additional funding recipients: Canada, Assembly of First Nations, Chiefs of Ontario, and Nishnawbe Aski Nation</p>

1 First Nations Child and Family Services
 2 Draft FSA, para 53, 58–60
 3 Draft FSA, para 22